



## UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

### Notification No. CSR/ 48 /18

It is notified for information of all concerned that the Syndicate in its meeting held on 13.07.2018 (vide Item No.11) approved the Syllabus of Two-Year (Four-Semester) M.A. Course of Study in Political Science under CBCS in the Post-Graduate Departments of the University and in the affiliated Colleges offering Post-Graduate Courses under this University, as laid down in the accompanying pamphlet.

The above shall be effective from the academic session 2018-2019.

SENATE HOUSE  
KOLKATA-700073  
The 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2018

*A. J. 17/08/18*  
(Debabrata Manna)

Deputy Registrar (Acting)

Political Science

M.A. Syllabus and Examination Rules

University of Calcutta

**Department of Political Science**

**University of Calcutta**

**Semesterized CBCS Syllabus**

1. The Syllabus, if approved, will be operational from the session indicated in the order of the appropriate authority.
2. The M.A. Syllabus in Political Science will be of two years' duration to be divided into 4 semesters of even duration, that is 06 (six) months.
3. There will be 20 Courses – each with 4 credits thereby totalling 80 credits.
4. Each Course will be divided into two Units.
5. Each Course will be of 50 marks – 10 of which will be earmarked for Mid-Semester Internal Assessment in such forms as Written Examinations, Book Reviews, Review Essays, Interviews, Short Projects or any other form that may be decided by the Postgraduate Board of Studies in Political Science from time to time.
6. Reference Lists are only indicative and not exhaustive.
7. Each semester will consist of 5 courses as per the following sequence:

**Semester I:**

Core Cluster A: Western Political Thought and Theory

Course CCI: Enlightenment and Liberalism

Course CCII: Enlightenment: Lineages and Critiques

Core Cluster B: Modern India: Ideas, Governance, Politics

Course CCIII: Ideational Trajectories and Movements

Course CCIV: State, Society and Economy

Core Cluster C: Public Administration

Course CCV: Theories, Concepts and Organization

**Semester II:**

Core Cluster C: Public Administration (Continued)

Course CCVI: Public Policy Analysis and Indian Administration

Core Cluster D: International Relations

Course CCVII: Theories, Concepts and Issues

Course CCVIII: Political Economy and India's External Relations

Core Cluster E: Political Sociology

Course CCIX: State and Society: Key Concepts

Course CCX: Conflicts, Development and Communication

**Semester III:**

Core Cluster F: Politics of Development

Course CCXI: Concepts, Theories and Contexts

Course CCXII: Themes and Issues

Plus

[Eligible students are to choose any two DSE Clusters (each Cluster consisting of 03 Courses) from out of the following – one each for Semester III and Semester IV respectively. The exact number of DSE clusters to be opened in a particular semester will be decided by the Departmental Committee before the semester.]

DSE Cluster A: Development Studies

DSE AI: The Global-Transnational and the Local

DSE AII: The Rural and the Urban

DSE AIII: The Indian Context

DSE Cluster B: Research Methodology

DSE BI: Concepts, Debates and Issues

DSE BII: Research Methods

DSE BIII: Term Paper/Dissertation/Poster Presentation/Assignment Writing or any other form that may be decided by the Postgraduate Board of Studies in Political Science from time to time

DSE Cluster C: Contemporary India: Society and Politics

DSE CI: State, Society and Politics

DSE CII: Development and Politics

DSE CII: Region, State, Supra- and Sub-State Politics

DSE Cluster D: Contemporary India: Society and Politics

DSE DI: Gender and Sexuality

DSE DII: Public Institutions in India

DSE DIII: Term Paper/Dissertation/Poster Presentation/Assignment Writing or any other form that may be decided by the Postgraduate Board of Studies in Political Science from time to time

DSE Cluster E: Politics in South Asia

DSE EI: States, Nations and Region

DSE EII: Debates on Democracy and Development

DSE EIII: Issues, Challenges and Resistance

DSE Cluster F: Gender and Politics

DSE FI: Feminism: Concepts and Issues

DSE FII: Feminist Perspectives

DSE FIII: Gender Politics in India

## **Semester IV:**

[Eligible students are to choose one DSE cluster from the above list, other than the one they have already chosen plus two GE Courses from outside the Department. The Department offers the following GE Courses. The Departmental Committee will determine the exact number of GE Courses to be opened for a particular semester before the Semester.]

One DSE Cluster for this Semester

plus

Two GE Courses (for the students from outside the Department)

GEI: Urban Governance in India

GEII: Human Rights in India

GEIII: Globalization and Politics

GEIV: Social and Political Movements in Modern India

GE V: Politics of the Himalayan Region

GE VI: Environmental Governance

# M.A. Syllabus in Political Science

## University of Calcutta

### Core Cluster A

#### *Western Political Thought and Theory*

#### Course – CCI (50 Marks)

#### Enlightenment and Liberalism

##### Unit I: Enlightenment

1. European Enlightenment and Origins of Modernity
2. Immanuel Kant: Enlightenment and Autonomy
3. Hegel: Recognition and Civil Society

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. Immanuel Kant, *Critique of Pure Reason*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998.
2. Robert Wokler and N. Geras (eds.) *Enlightenment and Modernity*, London: Palgrave Macmillan, 2000.
3. Georges Dickel, *Kant's Theory of Knowledge: An Analytical Introduction*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2004.
4. G.W.F. Hegel, *Philosophy of Right*, London: G. Bell, 1896.
5. John Plamenatz, *Man and Society* (Vol.2), London: Longman, 1963.

##### Unit II: Liberalism

1. Precursors and Exponents of Classical Liberalism
2. Contemporary Liberalism: Rawls, Nozick and Dworkin
3. Critiques of Liberalism: Communitarianism; Multiculturalism; Deliberative Democracy

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. John Locke, *Two Treatises of Government*, London: Awnsham Churchill, 1689.
2. John Rawls: *A Theory of Justice*, Cambridge, MA.: Harvard University Press, 1971.
3. Robert Nozick, *Anarchy, State and Utopia*, New York: Basic Books, 1974.
4. Ronald Dworkin, *Sovereign Virtue: The Theory and Practice of Equality*, Cambridge, MA.: Harvard University Press, 2000.
5. Will Kymlicka, *Multicultural Citizenship: A Liberal Theory of Minority Rights*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1995.

6. Colin Farrelly, *An Introduction to Contemporary Political Theory*, London: Sage Publications, 2004.
7. Jurgen Habermas, *The Structural Transformation of the Public Sphere: An Inquiry into a Category of Bourgeois Society*, Cambridge MA.:MIT press, 1962.
8. Amartya Sen, *Inequality Reexamined*, Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1992.

**Course-CCII (50 Marks)**  
**Enlightenment: Lineages and Critiques**

**Unit I: Interrogating Enlightenment**

1. Nietzsche's Theory of Will to Power
2. From Modernity to Post-Modernism: An Overview
3. Theories of Postcolonialism
4. Feminist Responses to Enlightenment
5. Ecological Critique

References (Indicative Only):

1. John Sturrock, ed., *Structuralism and Since: From Levi-Strauss to Derrida*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1979.
2. Michel Foucault and Paul Rabinow, *The Foucault Reader: An Introduction to Foucault's Thought*, London: Penguin Books, 1991.
3. Edward Said, *Orientalism*, New York: Pantheon Books, 1978.
4. Ania Loomba, *Colonialism/ Post-Colonialism*, London: Routledge, 1998.
5. Friedrich Nietzsche, *Selected Writings*, Radford: Wilder Publications, 2008.
6. Wendy Brown, *Manhood and Politics: A Feminist Reading in Political Theory*, Maryland: Rowman and Littlefield Publishers, 1988.
7. John Barry (2014): "Green Political Theory" in V. Geoghegan, & R. Wilford (eds.), *Political Ideologies: An Introduction* (4 ed.), New York: Routledge, 2003, pp. 153-178.
8. Aijaz Ahmad, "Orientalism and After: Ambivalence and Cosmopolitan Location", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 25 July, 1992, pp. 98-116.

**Unit II: Marxism and Post-Marxism**

1. Marx: Ideology, Civil Society and State
2. Hegemony, Ideology and State: Gramsci, Althusser, Poulantzas
3. Post- Marxism: Ernesto Laclau and Chantal Mouffe
4. Sources of Cultural Marxism

References (Indicative Only):



1. Karl Marx , *A Contribution to the Critique of Political Economy* [English Edition], Moscow: Progress Publishers, 1977.
2. Hal Draper, *Karl Marx's Theory of Revolution* [Vol.1 & 2], Michigan: Monthly Review Press, 1978.
3. Cliff Slaughter, *Marxism and the Class Struggle*, London: New Park Publications, 1975.
4. Antonio Gramsci, *Prison Notebooks*, New York: Columbia University Press, 2011.
5. Perry Anderson, *Considerations on Western Marxism*, London: Verso, 1976.
6. Ernesto Laclau and Chantal Mouffe, *Hegemony and Socialist Strategy: Towards a Radical Democratic Politics*, London: Verso, 1985.
7. D. Kellner, 'Cultural Marxism and Cultural Studies',  
http:[www.gseis.ucla.edu/faculty/Kellner/](http://www.gseis.ucla.edu/faculty/Kellner/);
8. H Davis, *Understanding Stuart Hall*, London: Sage, 2004.
9. T. W. Adorno, *The Culture Industry*, London: Routledge, 1991. 4. Colin Sparks,
10. "Raymond Williams, Culture and Marxism", *International Socialism*, Vol.2, No.9, Summer 1980, pp. 131–144.

## Core Cluster B

### *Modern India: Ideas, Governance, Politics*

#### Course-CCIII (50 Marks)

#### Ideational Trajectories and Movements

#### Unit I: Ideational Trajectories

1. Gandhi: Critique of Modernity and Idea of 'Gram Swaraj'
2. Socialist ideas: Nehru, J.P. Narayan and Vinobha Bhave
3. 'Organising' Religions: Thoughts of M.S. Golwalkar and M. Iqbal
4. Dalit Political Thought: B.R. Ambedkar and Kanshiram

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. M.K. Gandhi, *Hind Swaraj*, Varanasi: Sarva Seva Sangh Prakashan, 1909.
2. Bhikhu Parekh, *Gandhi's Political Philosophy: A Critical Examination*, London: Macmillan Academic and Professional Ltd, 1989.
3. Jawaharlal Nehru, *The Discovery of India*. U.K.: Penguin, 1946.
4. Mahesh Sharma, *Shri Guruji Golwalkar*, New Delhi: Diamond Pocket Books, 2006.
5. Badri Narayan, *Kanshiram: Leader of the Dalits*, New Delhi: Viking, 2013.
6. Iqbal Singh Sevea, *The Political Philosophy of Muhammad Iqbal: Islam and Nationalism in Late Colonial India*, U.K.: Cambridge University Press, 2012.
7. B.R. Ambedkar, *Annihilation of Caste*. India: Ssoft group, (1936) 2014.

8. Thomas Pantham, and Kenneth L. Deutsch, *Political Thought in Modern India*. San Francisco: Sage, 1986.

## **Unit II: Social and Political Movements**

1. Social Movements: ‘Old’ and ‘New’
2. Mobilizations in Agriculture and Industry: An Overview
3. Contemporary Social Movements: Identity politics; Dalit assertions; Women’s movements; Human rights issues; Environmental concerns; Livelihood movements; Movements by the Sexual minorities

### References (Indicative Only):

1. Paul Wilkinson, *Social Movements: Keys Concepts in Political Science*, New York: Praeger, 1971.
2. Raka Ray, and Mary F. Katzenstein, (ed). *Social Movements in India: Poverty, Power and Politics*, USA: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, 2005.
3. Ghanashyam Shah, (ed), *Social Movements and the State*, New Delhi: Sage, 2002.
4. Rajni Kothari, *Rethinking Democracy*, New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2005.
5. Partha Chatterjee, (ed.), *State and Politics in India.*,New Delhi: OUP, 2004.
6. Niraja Gopal Jayal, , *Democracy and the State: Welfare, Secularism and Development in Contemporary India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2001.
7. K.N. Panikkar, *Colonialism, Culture, and Resistance*, Oxford University Press, 2007.
8. Ranabir Samaddar, (ed). *The Politics of Autonomy: Indian Experiences*. New Delhi: Sage, 2005.

## **Course-CCIV (50 Marks)**

### **State, Society and Economy: Interfaces**

#### **Unit I: State and Society**

1. Perspectives on Indian Social Structure: Debates on Hierarchy and Equality
2. Religion
3. Caste
4. Gender
5. Class

### References (Indicative Only):

1. Atul Kohli and Prema Sigh eds., *Routledge Handbook of Indian Politics*, London and New York: Routledge, 2013.
2. Anupama Rao, *The Caste Question: Dalits and the Politics in Modern India*, USA: University of California Press, 2009.
3. Ashutosh Varshney eds., *India and the Politics of Developing Countries*, New Delhi, Thousand Oaks and London: Sage Publication, 2004.

4. Calinda Still, *Dalits in Neoliberal India: Mobility or Marginalization*, London and New York: Routledge, 2014.
5. Stuart Corbridge, John Harris and Craig Jeffrey eds., *India Today: Economy, Politics and Society*, Cambridge: Polity Press, 2013.
6. Zoya Hasan eds., *Politics and the State in India*, New Delhi, Thousand Oaks and London: Sage Publications, 2000.
7. Leela Fernandes, *India's New Middle Class: Democratic Politics in an Era of Economic Reform*, Minnesota: University of Minnesota Press, 2006.

## **Unit II: State, Economy, Market**

1. Development Planning: Rationale; Challenges
2. Coming of the Market in the 1990s
3. Market and the changing Institutions of Governance
4. Key Sectors: Power, Communications, Education and Health

### References (Indicative Only):

1. Akhil Gupta and K. Sivaramakrishnan eds., *The State in India after Liberalization: Interdisciplinary Perspectives*, USA and Canada: Routledge, 2012.
2. Pranab Bardhan, *The Political Economy of Development in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2012.
3. Rahul Mukherji, *India's Economic Transition*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2011.
4. Sukhamoy Chakravarty, *Development Planning: The Indian Experience*, New Delhi: OUP, 1998.
5. Terrence J. Byres eds., *The State, Development Planning and Liberalization in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
6. Rudolph, Lloyd L. And Susanne Hoeber Rudolph, *In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of the Indian State*. India: Orient Longman, 1987.
7. Baldev Raj Nayar, *Globalization and Nationalism: The Changing Balance in India's Economic Policy 1950-2000*. New Delhi/ Thousand Oaks/ London: Sage Publications, 2001.

## **Core Cluster C**

### ***Public Administration***

### **Course-CCV (50 Marks)**

### **Theories, Concepts and Organization**

## **Unit I: Theoretical and Conceptual Developments**

1. From 'Government' to 'Governance': Paradigm Shift. State, Market and Civil Society in Administration
2. New Approaches: New Public Management; Public Choice Theory; Entrepreneurial Government; Feminist approach
3. Emerging concepts: Corporate Governance; e-Governance; Green Governance

References (Indicative Only):

1. B. Guy Peters and Jon Pierre, *Sage Handbook of Public Administration*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, London: Sage Publications Ltd., 2012.
2. B. Chakrabarty and Mohit Bhattacharya, *Administrative Change and Innovation: A Reader*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2005.
3. J. Pierre ed., *Debating Governance: Authority, Steering, and Democracy*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2000.
4. A. Farazmand and Jack Pinkowski, *Handbook of Globalization, Governance, and Public Administration*, London: Taylor & Francis, 2007.
5. D. Osborne and Ted Gaebler, *Reinventing Government: How the Entrepreneurial Spirit is Transforming the Public Sector*, New York: Plume Books, 1993.

**Unit II: Organization Theory: Foundations and Transitions**

1. Modern Organization in/as Society; Organizational Revolution—emergence and impact
2. The 'politics' in organizations —theoretical and methodological dimensions
3. Key factors: Creativity- Motivation- Leadership- Communication
4. Limitations of the Modern paradigm: Postmodern Turn; Critique and 'Post-Postmodern'

References (Indicative Only):

1. A. Strati: *Theory and Method in Organization Studies*, London: Sage, 2000.
2. Catherine Casey, *Critical Analysis of Organizations*.
3. J. B. Miner, *Organizational Behaviour I: Essential Theories of Motivation and Leadership*, New York: M.E. Sharp, 2005.
4. K. Tourish and O. Hargie, *Key Issues in Organizational Communication*, London and New York: Routledge, 2004.
5. M.J. Hatch and A. N. Cunliffe: *Organization Theory: Modern, Symbolic and Postmodern Perspectives*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2012.

**Course-CCVI (50 Marks)**

**Public Policy Analysis and Indian Administration**

**Unit I: Public Policy Analysis**

1. Public Policy as a concept and field of study
2. Public Policy, Administration and Political Environment, Rise and Growth of Policy Analysis
3. Policy dynamics: context, actors and agenda-Setting
4. Approaches: Rationalist; Incrementalist; Political Economy
5. Policy Evaluation Techniques

References (Indicative Only):

1. G. Vickers, *The Art of Judgment: A Study of Policy Making*, New York: Basic Books, 1965.
2. Dye, Thomas R., *Understanding Public Policy*, Florida: Pearson Education, 2016.
3. C. Bacchi, *Analysing Public Policy*, Melbourne: Pearson, 2009.
4. M. Moran et al eds., *Oxford Handbook of Public Policy*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2006.
5. T. A. Birkland, *An Introduction to the Policy Process: Theories, Concepts, and Models of Public Policy Making* (4th Edition), New York: Routledge, 2015.
6. B. Chakrabarty and P. Chand, *Public Policy: Concept, Theory and Practice*, New Delhi: Sage, 2016.

**Unit II: Public Administration in India**

1. From welfare state to managerial state; Impact of Liberalization on Indian Administration (with specific case studies)
2. Public-Private debate in Indian Administration; Public-Private Partnership
3. Public Interest and Public Management: changing scenario
4. Policy Appraisal: Health; Education; Water; Agriculture; Transport; Energy; Environment [select cases]

References (Indicative Only):

1. B.B. Misra, 1970. *The Administrative History of India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1970.
2. P. Sahni and U. Meduryeds., *Governance for Development Issues and Strategies*, New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 2003.
3. R. Samaddar and S. Sen eds. *New Subjects and New Governance in India*, New Delhi: Routledge, 2012.
4. B. Chakrabarty, *Reinventing Public Administration: The Indian Experience*, Hyderabad: Orient Longman, 2007.
5. K. Bedi et al., *Government and net in New Governance opportunities for India*, New Delhi: Sage, 2001.

(Also, Special Issues of the *Indian Journal of Public Administration*).

## Core Cluster D

### *International Relations* **Course-CCVII (50 Marks)** **Theories, Concepts and Issues**

#### **Unit I: Theories and Concepts**

1. Introducing 'Great Debates'
2. Realism and Neo-Realism
3. Liberalism and Neo Liberalism
4. Social Constructivism
5. Marxist, Neo-Marxist, Critical and Post Modern theories

#### References (Indicative only):

1. E.H. Carr, *The Twenty Years' Crisis, 1919-1939: An Introduction to the Study of International Relations* London: Palgrave Macmillan, 2016.
2. Hedley Bull, *The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics* London: Palgrave Macmillan, 2012.
3. Robert Cox, "Social Forces, States and World Orders: Beyond IR Theory" *Millennium: Journal of International Studies* Vol. 10, No 2, 1981.
4. Cynthia Enloe, *Bananas, Beaches and Bases: Making Feminist Sense of International Politics*, Berkeley: University of California Press, 2014.
5. Robert Keohane, *Neorealism and its Critics*, New York: Columbia University Press, 1986.
6. H.J. Morgenthau, *Politics Among Nation: The Struggle for Power and Peace*, McGraw Hill, 1993.
7. Alexander Wendt, "Anarchy is What States Make of It: The Social Construction of Power Politics", *International Organization*, Vol. 46, No. 2, 1992.
8. Kenneth Waltz, *Theory of International Politics*, USA: Waveland Press, 2010.

#### **Unit II: Key Issues**

1. Cold War and its Interpretations
2. Post Cold War period: Major Issues--International Peace, Conflict and Security, Climate Change, Insurgency and Terrorism, Globalisation and Transnational Movements, Power Transition, Migration, Internally Displaced Persons and Refugees

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Raymond Aron, *Peace and War – A Theory of International Relations*, New Jersey: Transaction Publishers, 2003.
2. A. Blair and Steve Curtis, *International Politics – An Introductory Guide*, UK: Edinburgh University Press, 2009.

3. F. Deng and R. Cohen, *Masses in Flight: The Global Crisis of Internal Displacement*, Washington: Brookings Institution, 1998.
4. David P. Forsythe, *Human Rights in International Relations*, Boston: Boston University Press, 2000.
5. J. Galtung, *Peace by Peaceful Means – Peace and Conflict, Development and Civilisation*, London: Sage, 1996.
6. Ted Robert Gurr, *People versus State: Minorities at Risk on the New Century*, London: Longman Press, 2005.
7. E. Louka, *International Environmental Law: Fairness, Effectiveness and World Order*, London: Cambridge University Press, 2006.
8. Michael Mann, *The Dark Side of Democracy – Explaining Ethnic Cleansing*, New York: Cambridge University Press, 2005.

### **Course-CCVIII (50 Marks)**

#### **Political Economy and India's External Relations**

##### **Unit I: Political Economy of International Relations**

1. Theories of International Political Economy: Liberal Interdependence Theory; Hegemonic Stability Theory; Dependency Theory and beyond
2. Developments in IPE: Changing Trade Regimes — Bretton Woods System, IMF, World Bank, GATT, WTO; Issues related to Global Trade and Security; Regional Political Economic Formations (ASEAN, APEC, SICA, NAFTA, SAFTA, BRICS); Protests in the Age of Globalisation

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. D. Barker and J. Mander, *Invisible Government: The WTO – Global Government for the Millennium*, San Francisco: International Forum on Globalisation, 1996.
2. R. Boyer and D. Drache, eds., *States against Markets – The Limits of Globalisation*, New York: Routledge, 1996.
3. J. Cavahagh eds., *Beyond Bretton Woods: Alternatives to the Global Economic Order*, London: Pluto Press, 1994.
4. J. Frieden and David A. Lake eds., *International Political Economy: Perspective on Global Power and Wealth*, New York: St Martin's Press, 2000.
5. Robert Gilpin, *Global Political Economy: Understanding the International Economic Order*, Orient Black Swan, 2003.
6. Susan Strange, *States and Markets: An Introduction to International Political Economy*, London: Pinter Publications, 1994.
7. R. Keohane, *After Hegemony: Cooperation and Discord in the World Political Economy*, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 1984.
8. I. Wallerstein, *After Liberalism*, New York: New Press, 1995.

## Unit II: India and the World

1. Theoretical Perspectives
2. India and its Neighbours
3. India and the Great Powers
4. India and South East and East Asia
5. India and International Organisations

### References (Indicative Only):

1. J. Bandyopadhyaya, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy: determinants, institutions, processes, and personalities*. New Delhi: Allied Publishers, 1970.
2. K. Bajpai and H.V. Pant, *Indian Foreign Policy – A Reader*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2013.
3. J.N. Dixit, *The Makers of India's Foreign Policy – Raja Ram Mohun Roy to Yashwant Sinha*, New Delhi: Harper Collins, 2004.
4. Sumit Ganguly ed. *India's Foreign Policy – Retrospect and Prospect*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2011.
5. C. Raja Mohun, *Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi: Palgrave Macmillan, 2004.
6. D. Malone and C. RajaMohun and S. Raghavan, *The Oxford Handbook of Indian Foreign Policy*, London: Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. D. Malone, *Does the Elephant Dance?: Contemporary Indian Foreign Policy*, London: Oxford University Press
8. David Scott, *Handbook of India's International Relations*, London: Routledge, 2011.

## Core Cluster E

### *Political Sociology*

#### Course-CCIX (50 Marks)

#### State and Society: Key Concepts

### Unit I: State-in-Society and Beyond

1. State and non-State actors—Emerging Dialectics
2. Civil Society
3. Political Society
4. Rights
5. Citizenship

### References (Indicative Only):



1. Keith Faulks, *Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction*, New York: New York University Press, 2000.
2. C. Hann and E. Dunn eds. *Civil Society: Challenging Western Models*, London: Routledge, 1996.
3. Partha Chatterjee, *Lineages of Political Society*, New York: Columbia University Press, 2011.
4. Ferguson, Adam, *An Essay on the History of Civil Society* (Louis Schneider, Ed.), Transaction, New Jersey: New Brunswick, 1980.
5. Bryan S. Turner, ed. *Citizenship and Social Theory*, New York: Sage, 1993.
6. T.H. Marshall, *Citizenship and Social Class*, London: Pluto Press, 1987.

## **Unit II: Key Concepts**

1. Power
2. Participation
3. Risk
4. Representation
5. Commodification and Consumption
6. Gender and Sexuality

### References (Indicative Only):

1. Janoski T, Alford R R, Hicks A M and Schwartz M A. eds. *The Handbook of Political Sociology*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2005.
2. Betty Dobratz, Lisa K Waldner, Timothy Buzzell, *Power, Politics, and Society: An Introduction to Political Sociology*, London and New York: Routledge, 2016.
3. Beck U., *Risk Society: Towards a New Modernity*, London: Sage, 1992.
4. Beck U., *What is Globalization?*, Cambridge: Polity Press, 1999.
5. Edwin Amenta, Kate Nash, Alan Scott, *The Wiley-Blackwell Companion to Political Sociology*, MS: Willey-Blackwell, 2012.
6. Daniel Miller, ed., *Acknowledging Consumption: A Review of New Studies*, London: Routledge, 1995.
7. Laura Kramer and A. Beutel, *The Sociology Of Gender: A Brief Introduction* (4<sup>th</sup> edition), Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2014.

## **Course - CCX (50 Marks)**

### **Conflicts, Development and Communication**

#### **Unit I: Adversarial Dimensions**

1. Conflict/Domination
2. Violence
3. Insurgency
4. Terrorism

## References (Indicative Only):

1. Kate Nash, *Contemporary Political Sociology: Globalization, Politics, and Power*, Kate Nash, Massachusetts: Blackwell Publishers: Malden, 2000.
2. Seymour Martin Lipset, *Consensus and Conflict: Essays in Political Sociology*, New Jersey: Transaction Publishers, 1985.
3. D. S. Glasberg and D. Shannon, *Political Sociology: Oppression, Resistance, and the State*, California: Sage, 2010.
4. K. Nash, K. and A. Scott. eds. *The Blackwell Companion to Political Sociology*, Blackwell Publishers, MA: Oxford and Malden, 2012.
5. C. Tilly, *From Mobilization to Revolution*, Reading: Addison-Wesley, 1978.

**Unit II: Development-Communication Dynamics**

1. Development and communication: Modernization Strategies; Critique. ‘Third Worldism’
2. Political Communication: Forms and Modes; Liberal democracy and ‘informed citizenry’
3. (New)Technology and Technocentricity: Myths and Stereotypes; Dis/Information Society
4. Mediated Politics: Mediation to Mediatization. Mass Media and Social Media

## References (Indicative Only):

1. S.R. Melkote and H.L. Steeves, *Communication for Development in the Third World*, New Delhi, Sage, 2013.
2. M.T. Berger: *After the Third World*, London and New York: Rutledge, 2009.
3. R. Negrine and J. Stayner eds., *The Political Communication Reader*, London and New York: Rutledge, 2007.
4. D. Bell, *The Coming of the Postindustrial Society*, New York: Basic Books, 1973.
5. S. Lash, *Critique of Information*, London: Sage, 2002.
6. P. J. Shoemaker and S. D. Reese, *Mediating the Message: Theories of Influences on Mass Media Content*, New York: Longman, 1996.
7. T.N. Ridour ed., *The New Directions in Media Politics*, New York: Rutledge, 2013.

**Core Cluster F*****Politics of Development*****Course - CCXI (50 Marks)****Concepts, Theories and Contexts****Unit 1: Conceptual and Institutional Foundations**

22 The concept of Development: Emergence and evolution. The ‘political’ in Development

2. Post Second World War Developmentalism--- Bretton Woods system. Marshall Plan.
3. Development as growth. Critique
4. The Development Impasse debate; Democracy-development debate

References (Indicative Only):

1. P. Streeten, *Development Perspectives*, New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 1981.
2. Uma Kothari ed., *A Radical History of Development Studies*, London: Zed Books, 2005.
3. A. Escobar, *Encountering Development: The Making and Unmaking of the Third World*, Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1995.
4. F. Schuurman, *Beyond the Impasse; New Directions in Development Theory*, London: Zed Books, 1993.
5. Vandana Desai, Robert B Potter, *The Companion to Development Studies*, 2nd Edition, London and New York: Routledge, 2008.

## Unit 2: Approaches and Paradigms

1. Gandhian approach
2. Marxist and Neo-Marxist approaches
3. Neo-liberal paradigm
4. Post-development Paradigm

References (Indicative Only):

1. W. Sachs ed., *The Development Dictionary: A Guide to Knowledge as Power*, 2nd edn, London, New York: Zed Books, 2010.
2. R. Munck and D. O’Hearn, *Critical Development Theory*, London: Zed Books, 1993.
3. Andrew Linklater, *Marxist and Neo-Marxist Theories of Inequality and Development*, London: Palgrave Macmillan, 1990.
4. M.K. Gandhi, *‘Hind Swaraj’ and other Writings* (ed. A.J. Parel), Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, Centenary Edition, 1997.
5. D. Harvey, *A Brief History of Neoliberalism*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2005.
6. Aram, Ziai ed., *Exploring Post-development*, London and New York: Routledge, 2007.

## Course-CCXII (50 Marks)

### Themes and Issues

#### Unit 1: (Wo)man, Nature, Resources

1. Human Development--- origin; indices
2. Natural Resource imbalance and counteractions
3. Environment--- sustainable development; political ecology

References (Indicative Only):

1. Mahbub ul Haq, *Reflections on Human Development*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1995.
2. Amartya Sen, *Development as Freedom*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.
3. S.M. Rai, *The Gender Politics of Development*, New Delhi: Zubaan, 2008.
4. Martha Nussbaum, *Women and Human Development: The Capabilities Approach*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

## Unit 2: Key Themes

1. Gender--- equality, justice, rights and division of labour. Gender Development Index (GDI) and Gender Empowerment Index (GEM)
2. Migration and Displacement: Changing nature and trends. Typology
- ?? Relief, resettlement and rehabilitation

References (Indicative only):

1. S. Talwar, *Development-induced Displacement, Rehabilitation and Resettlement in India*, New Delhi: Rutledge, 2011.
2. K.R. Shanmugam and K. S. Kavi Kumar, *Environment and Development*, New Delhi: Sage, 2016.
3. Pia Oberoi, *Exile and Belonging: Refugees and State Policy in South Asia*. OUP, New Delhi, 2001.
4. Ranabir Samaddar (ed.), *Refugees and the State: Practices of Asylum and Care in India 1947-2000*. Sage, New Delhi, 2003.

## DSE Cluster A

### *Development Studies*

### Course-DSE AI (50 Marks)

## The Global-Transnational and the Local

### Unit I: The Global-Transnational

1. Liberalization-Privatization-Globalization in contemporary development dynamics

2. Role of transnational actors--- World Bank; IMF; WTO
3. Role of UN: Millennium Development Goals and Sustainable Development Goals
4. Global North-Global South relations: aid, trade, Intellectual Property Rights

References (Indicative Only):

1. William R. Thompson, Rafael Reuveny, *Limits to Globalization: North-South Divergence*, London and New York: Rurledge, 2010.
2. Joseph Stiglitz, *Globalization and Its Discontents*, New York and London: W.W. Norton: 2002.
3. R. Peet, *Unholy Trinity: The World Bank, IMF and WTO*, London: Zed Books, 2003.
4. N. Georgeou, *Neoliberalism, Development, and Aid Volunteering*, New York: Rutledge, 2013.
5. A. Gallas et al eds., *Combating Inequality: The Global North and South*, New York: Routledge, 2015.
6. D. J. Halbert, *Intellectual Property in the Information Age: The Politics of Expanding Ownership Rights*, Westport: Greenwood Press, 2000.

**Unit 2: The Local**

1. The idea of locality. Local development, local governance and local democracy: linkages and tension zones. Local-global dynamics
2. Development intervention and local community mobilization
3. State, NGOs and struggle for local space
4. Development communication. Media and extra-media information

References (Indicative Only):

1. T. Blackshaw, *Key Concepts in Community Studies*, London: Sage, 2013.
2. Tim O’Riordan, *Globalism, Localism and Identity*, London: Earthscan, 2001.
3. N. Hayzer et al eds. *Government-NGO Relations in Asia*, Hampshire: Palgrave MacMillan, 1995.
4. J. Servaes, *Communication for Development and Social Change*, New Delhi: Sage, 2008.

**Course-DSE AII (50 Marks)**

**The Rural and the Urban**

**Unit 1: The Rural**

1. Rural development--- Approaches and theories
2. Rural development: specific strategies
3. Rural local governance: Panchayat and Panchayati Raj in India (including the West Bengal context)

4. Rural poverty, unemployment: policy measures
5. Land question and development: emerging issues

References (Indicative Only):

1. A. J. Christopher and A. Thomas William, *Rural Development: Concept and Recent Approaches*, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2011.
2. S. Maheswari, *Rural Development in India: A Public Policy Approach*, Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi, 1985.
3. P.K. Das ed. *Decentralization, Governance and Development: An Indian Perspective*. Orient Blackswan, Hyderabad, 2017.
4. M. Bhattachajee, *Panchayati Raj in West Bengal*, Manak Publications, Delhi, 2002.
5. N.G. Jayal ed., *Local Governance in India*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2006.
6. A.P. D'Costa, A.P. and A. Chakraborty eds. *The Land Question in India: State, Dispossession, and Capitalist Transition*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2017.

**Unit 2: The Urban**

1. Urbanism, Urban development, urbanization, urban/city managerialism--- approaches and theories
2. Urban local governance: institutional arrangements and strategies
3. Urban economy, Urban Informality, Urban culture
4. Post-globalization trends: cities in the developing world. Rise of Global City Regions.
5. Urban poverty, Urban movements

References (Indicative Only):

1. D. Harvey, *Social Justice and the City*, Georgia: University of Georgia Press, 2009.
2. A. Merrifield, *The New Urban Question*, London: Pluto Press, 2014.
3. S. Sassen, Saskia, *Cities in a World Economy*. 3rd ed. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage/Pine Forge, 2006.
4. A.J. Scott ed., *The Global City Regions: Trends, Theory, Policy*, New York: Oxford University Press, 2001.
5. Christiane, Brosius. *India's Middle Class: New Forms of Urban Leisure, Consumptions and Prosperity*. New York: Routledge, 2010.
6. Isher Judge Ahluwalia et al. eds., *Urbanisation in India: Challenges, Opportunities and the Way Forward*, New Delhi: Sage, 2014.
7. Mike Davis, *Planet of Slums*, New York: Verso, 2007.
8. Sujata Patel and Kushal dev (eds.), *Urban Studies*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2009.
9. A. Ray and N. Alsayyad, *Urban Informality*, Lanham: Lexington Books, 2004.

**Course - DSE AIII (50 Marks)**

**The Indian Context**

**Unit I: Culture, Development and Decentralization**

1. Popular cultural perceptions of State and administration
2. State and Development Planning in India. Development in Five Year Plans
3. Modes of decentralization and participatory development

References (Indicative Only):

1. Aradhana Sharma and Akhil Gupta eds., *Anthropology of the State: A Reader*, Malden: Blackwell, 2006.
2. Sukhamoy Chakraborty, *Development Planning: The Indian Experience*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
3. Jean Drèze and Amartya Sen, *India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity*, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1996.

**Unit II: Market, Information Technology and Questions of Inclusion**

1. Social opportunities and social inclusion: challenge of poverty and inequality
2. Market economy and changing contours of development. Corporatization. Impact on key sectors: health, education, employment
3. Role of information technology: e-Governance and Digital India--- policy evaluation

References (Indicative Only):

1. Jean Drèze and Amartya Sen, *India: Development and Participation*, Delhi: Oxford University Press,, 2005.
2. A.Saith et al eds., *ICTs and Indian Social Change: Diffusion, Poverty, Governance*, New Delhi: Sage, 2004.
3. Aradhana Sharma, *Paradoxes of Empowerment: Development, Gender, and Governance in Neoliberal India*, New Delhi: Zubaan Books, 2010.

**DSE Cluster B**

***Research Methodology***

**Course-DSE BI (50 Marks)**

**Methodological Issues**

**Unit I: Concepts and Debates**

1. Basic concepts in research
2. Positivism and Empiricism - Problem with Empirical theory

3. Anti-Positivist response
4. Ethics and politics in research

References (Indicative Only):

1. Michael Crotty, *The Foundations of Social Research: Meaning and Perspectives in the Research*, Thousand Oaks: Sage Publications Ltd., 1998.
2. W.L. Neuman, *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*, Essex: Pearson Education Ltd., 2014.
3. David E. McNabb, *Research Methods for Political Science: Quantitative and Qualitative Methods*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, London: Routledge, 2015.
4. Sandra Harding, *Feminism and Methodology: Social Science Issues*, Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 1987.

**Unit II: Basic Issues in Research**

1. Elements of Research Design
2. Sampling and Measurement
3. Methods of Data Collection
4. Data Analysis: Quantitative – Basic Statistics; Qualitative Methods
5. Writing Research Report

References (Indicative Only):

1. A. M. Goon and A. B. Aich, *Statistics for the Social Sciences*, Calcutta: World Press, 1991.
2. B. L. Agarwal, *Basic Statistics*, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, New Delhi: New Age International Pvt. Ltd Publishers, 2006.
3. C. B. Gupta and B. Gupta, *An Introduction to Statistical Methods*, 23<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
4. Roger Pierce, *Research Methods in Politics: A Practical Guide*, London: Sage Publications Ltd., 2008.

**Course-DSE BII (50 Marks)**

**Research Methods**

**Unit I: Quantitative Methods**

1. Survey research
2. Experimental research
3. Aggregate Data analysis
4. Content analysis



## References (Indicative Only):

1. Roger Pierce, *Research Methods in Politics: A Practical Guide*, London: Sage Publications Ltd., 2008.
2. William Outhwaite and Stephen P. Turner (eds.) *The Sage Handbook of Social Science Methodology*, London: Sage Publications Ltd., 2007.
3. W.L. Neuman, *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Essex: Pearson Education Ltd., 2014.
4. Robert K. Yin, *Case Study Research: Design and Methods*, 4th Edition, London: Sage Publications Ltd., 2009.

**Unit II: Qualitative Methods**

1. Archival study
2. Field Research
3. Focus group
4. Case study
5. Discourse analysis
6. Action research

☐ Select methods to be taught in Unit I and II.

## References (Indicative Only):

- ☐☐ R. Burgess, *In the Field: An Introduction to Field Research*, London: Allen and Unwin Press, 1984.
2. Norman K. Denzin and Y. S. Lincoln (eds.) *The Sage Handbook of Qualitative Research*, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, London: Sage Publications Ltd., 2005.
3. David E. McNabb, *Research Methods for Political Science: Quantitative and Qualitative Methods*, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India, 2014.

**Course-DSE BIII (50 Marks)**

Units I and II: Term Paper/Dissertation/Poster Presentation/Assignment Writing or any other form that may be decided by the Postgraduate Board of Studies in Political Science from time to time

## DSE Cluster C

### *Contemporary India: Society and Politics*

#### Course-DSE CI (50 Marks)

#### State, Society and Politics

#### Unit 1: Understanding Contemporary India

1. Approaches to the Study of Indian Politics
2. Constitutionalism and its Philosophy
3. Politics and Culture
4. Issues of Citizenship

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Niraja Gopal Jayal, & Pratap Bhanu Mehta eds. *The Oxford Companion to Indian Politics*. New Delhi: OUP. 2010.
2. Pratap Bhanu Mehta, Devesh Kapur & Milan Vaishnav. *Rethinking Public Institutions in India*. New Delhi: OUP, 2017.
3. Rajeev Bhargava ed. , *Philosophy of the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
4. Ashis Nandy, *At the Edge of Psychology*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2009.
5. Achin Vanaik ed., *ICSSR Surveys and Explorations in Political Science*, 4 Volumes. New Delhi: OUP. 2013.
6. Christophe Jaffrelot, *India's Silent Revolution*, New York: Columbia University Press, 2002.
7. Partha Chatterjee, *Politics of the Governed*, New York: Columbia University Press, 2006.

#### Unit 2: Social Structure and Politics

1. Debates on 'the Sociology for India'
2. Anthropology of the Indian State
3. Tribes in India
4. Language Politics in India
5. Ethnicity in the Age of Globalization

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Louis Dumont. 'For a Sociology of India'. *Contributions to Indian Sociology*.
2. Bailey, F. G. 'Response to 'For a Sociology of India'. *Contributions to Indian Sociology*.
3. Veena Das, & Deborah Poole eds. *Anthropology in the Margins of the State*. New Delhi: OUP. 2004.

4. Bidhan K. Das, & Rajat K. Das ed., *Rethinking Tribe in Indian Context: Realities, Issues and Challenges*, Jaipur: Rawat, 2017.
5. Satyabrata Chakraborty, ed. *Political Sociology*. New Delhi: Macmillan. 2005.
6. Asha Sarangi, ed. *Language and Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. 2009.
7. Anupama Rao, *The Caste Question: Dalits and the Politics of Modern India*, San Francisco: University of California, 2009.

### **Course-DSE CII (50 Marks)**

#### **Development and Politics**

#### **Unit I: Political Economy of Development**

1. Understanding Political Economy of Development. Planning in Post-Independent India
2. State and Economic Reforms in the Age of Globalization
3. Critiques of Development in the Post-Reform Era: Gender, Environment, Population Displacement.
4. Non-State Experiments with Development

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Byres, Terry ed. *The State, Development Planning and Liberalization in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
2. Frankel, Francine, *India's Political Economy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2005.
3. Lloyd Rudolph, & Susanne Hoeber Rudolph, *In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of the Indian State*, Chicago: University of Chicago Press. 1987.
4. Stuart Corbridge, John Hariss & Craig Jeffrey. *India: Economy Politics Society*. New Delhi: OUP, 2014.
5. Rahul Mukherji, *Political Economy of Reforms in India*, New Delhi: OUP, 2014.
6. Florence Padovani, ed. *Development-Induced Displacement in India and China: A Comparative Look at the Burdens of Growth*, Lanham: Lexington Books, 2016.

#### **Unit II: Reading Texts of Protest**

Detailed reading of any one or two texts will be taken up in the class from out of the following:

1. Ambedkar, B. R. Annihilation of Caste
2. Ambedkar, B. R., Who are the Shudras?
3. Kancha Ilaiah, Why I am not a Hindu.
4. Tripathi, Lakshminarayan. Me Lakshmi, Me Hijra,
5. V. Geetha, ed. *Soul Force: Gandhis's Writings on Peace*. New Delhi: Tara Books.
6. Bibhutibhusan Bandyopadhyaya. *Aranyak*, translated by Rimli Bhattacharya Aranyak: of the Forest, Seagull Books Calcutta, 2002.

7. Manoranjan Byapari, *Interrogating My Chandal Life*. [An Autobiography of a Dalit] Trans. by Sipra Mukherjee. Sage, New Delhi, 2018.

### **Course-DSE CIII (50 Marks)**

#### **Region, State, Supra- and Sub-State Politics**

##### **Unit I: Federal and Regional Politics**

1. Understanding Region, Regionalism and State Politics in India: An Overview
2. Changing Nature of Federal Politics in Post-Reform India
3. Ethnicity, Regionalism and Citizenship

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. Aseema Sinha, *The Regional Roots of Development Politics in India: A Divided Leviathan*. Indiana: Indiana University Press, 2005.
2. Ashutosh Kumar, ed. *Rethinking State Politics in India: Regions within Regions*. New Delhi: Routledge. 2011.
3. Iqbal Narain, ed. *State Politics in India*, Meerut: Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.

##### **Unit II: Regions and Movements**

1. Political Economy of Regional Development
2. Regions within Regions
3. Regional and Autonomy Movements

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. Paul Brass, *Politics in India Since Independence*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1994.
2. Nandini Sundar ed., *Civil Wars in South Asia*, New Delhi: Sage, 2014.

### **DSE Cluster D**

#### ***Contemporary India: Society and Politics***

### **Course-DSE DI (50 Marks)**

#### **Gender and Sexuality**

##### **Unit 1: Gender Studies**

1. Evolution of Gender Studies in India

2. Religion, Women and Patriarchy
3. Gender and Law

References (Indicative Only):

1. Nivedita Menon, *Recovering Subversion*, Champaign: University of Illinois Press, 2004.
2. Rajeshwari Sundar Rajan, *The Scandal of the State: Women, Law, and Citizenship in Post Colonial India*, Durham: Duke University press, 2003.
3. Amrita Basu and Patricia Uberoi (eds.), *Resisting the Sacred and the Secular Women and Politicized Religion in South Asia*. New Delhi: Sage, 1999.

**Unit 2: Gender and Sexuality**

1. Changing Nature of Women's Movements in Post-Reform India
2. Women and the Ecological Debates
3. Politics of Sexuality

References (Indicative Only):

1. Vandana Shiva and Mario Mies, *Ecofeminism*, Virginia: University of Virginia Press, 1993.
2. Serena Nanda, *Neither Man, nor Woman: Hijras of India*. Belmont: Wadsworth, 1990.

**Course-DSE DII (50 Marks)**

**Public Institutions in India**

**Unit I:**

1. Definition and evolution of the concept
2. Exploring the relationship between 'Institutions' and 'Accountability': Election Commission of India; Supreme Court

References (Indicative Only):

1. Elinor Ostrom, *Governing the Commons: The Evolution of Institutions for Collective Action*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.
2. Mark Robinson and White Gordon (eds.) *The Democratic Developmental State: Politics and Institutional Design*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1999.
3. Devesh Kapur and Pratap Bhanu Mehta, *Public Institutions in India*, New Delhi: OUP, 2007.
4. Devesh Kapur and Pratap Bhanu Mehta, *Rethinking Public Institutions in India*, New Delhi: OUP, 2017.

**Unit II:**

1. Policy Implementation and the 'Public': The Civil Service; Reserve Bank of India
2. 'Public Money' and Institutions: Finance Commission; Pay Commission
3. Economic Liberalisation, Institutions and 'Justice': Public Broadcasting Agencies; Academic Institutions

## References (Indicative Only):

1. Sunetra Sen Narayan, *Globalization and Indian Television: A Study of the Indian Experience, 1990-2010*, New Delhi: OUP, 2014.
2. Anthony Smith, (eds.), *Television: An International History*, New York: OUP, 1995.
3. Niraja Gopal Jayal, *Representing India: Ethnic Diversity and the Governance of Public Institutions*, UK and New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2006.

**Course-DSE DII (50 Marks)**

Term Paper/Dissertation/Poster Presentation/Assignment Writing or any other form that may be determined by the Postgraduate Board of Studies in Political Science from time to time.

**DSE Cluster E*****Politics in South Asia*****Course-DSE EI (50 Marks)****States, Nations, Region****Unit 1: Region and Regionalism**

1. Emergence of South Asia – Historical Background
2. SAARC : Issues, Challenges and Politics of Regional Co-operation
3. Changing contours of region and regionalism; Sub-regionalism

## References (Indicative Only):

1. Michael Mann, *South Asia's Modern History: Thematic Perspectives*, London and New York: Routledge, 2015.
2. Sugata Bose and Ayesha Jalal, *Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2014.

3. A.Jeyaratnam Wilson and Dennis Dalton eds, *The States of South Asia: Problems of National Integration*, London: C Hurst & Co Publishers Ltd, 1982.
4. Navnita Chadha Behera eds., *International Relations in South Asia: Search for an Alternative Paradigm*, New Delhi, Thousand Oaks and London: Sage Publications, 2008.
5. Maya Chadha. *Ethnicity, Security and Separatism in India*, New Delhi: OUP, 1997.
6. Lawrence Saez, *The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation: An Emerging Collaboration Architecture*, London and New York: Routledge, 2012.
7. Kishore C. Dash, *Regionalism in South Asia: Negotiating cooperation, institutional structures*, London and New York: Routledge, 1998.
8. Kanak Mani Dixit, *Peace Politics of Nepal: An Opinion from Within*, Kathmandu: Himal Books, 2011.

## **Unit 2: States and Nations in South Asia**

1. Theorizing state and nation in the region
2. Borders, Sovereignty and Territoriality
3. Security: Traditional and Non-Traditional

### References (Indicative Only):

1. T.V. Paul eds., *South Asia's Weak States: Understanding the Regional Insecurity Predicament*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2010.
2. Muthiah Alagappa, *Asian Security Practice: Material and Ideational influences*, Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1998.
3. Urmila Phadnis and Rajat Ganguly eds., *Ethnicity and Nation-building in South Asia*, London: Sage Publications, 2001.
4. Swarna Rajagopalan, *The State and Nation in South Asia*, Boulder, Colorado: Lynne Rienner, 2001.
5. Ishtiaq Ahmed, *State, Nation and Ethnicity in Contemporary South Asia*, London and New York: Pinter, 1996.
6. George Tanham, *Indian Strategic Thought – An Interpretive Essay*, Santa Monica US: RAND, 1992
7. Stephen B. Cohen, *The Idea of Pakistan*, Washington: Brookings Institution Press, 2004.
8. Dhurba Rizal, *The Royal Semi-authoritarian Democracy of Bhutan*, Lexington Books, 2015.

## **Course-DSE EII (50 Marks)**

### **Debates on Democracy and Development**

#### **Unit 1: Debates on Democracy**

1. The question of Democratic transition in select States
2. Political Institutions and Civil Society: An Overview
3. Religion and Secularism

#### 4. Civil-Military Relations

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. Michael Brecher, *Political Leadership in India: An Analysis of Elite Attitudes*, US: Praeger, 1969.
2. Hamza Alavi, *The State In Post-Colonial Societies: Pakistan And Bangladesh*, New Left Review, July – August 1972.
3. Maya Chaddha, *Building Democracy in South Asia: India, Nepal Pakistan*, London: Lynne Rienner Publishers, 2000.
4. Ayesha Jalal, *Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and Historical Perspective*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1995.
5. Robert W. Stern, *Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia: Dominant classes and Political Outcomes in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh*, London: Praeger, 2001.
6. Veena Kurkeja, *Civil- Military Relations in South Asia: Pakistan, Bangladesh and India*, New Delhi, Thousand Oaks and London: Sage Publication, 1991.
7. Veena Kukreja, *Pakistan: Democracy, Development and Security Issues*, Thousand Oaks and London: Sage Publication, 2005.
8. Aurel Croissant *et al.*, *The Palgrave Macmillan Democratization and Civilian Control in South Asia*, UK: Palgrave Macmillan, 2013.

#### Unit 2: Development

1. Understanding Development in South Asian context
2. Alternative Models of Development
3. Globalisation and the Politics of Development
4. Development and Marginal Communities

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. Anjum Siddique eds., *India and South Asia: Economic Developments in the Age of Globalization*, London and New York: Routledge, 2015.
2. Gabriele Kohler and Deepta Chopra eds., *Development and Welfare Policy in South Asia*, London and New York: Routledge, 2014.
3. Mahbub-ul Haq, *Human Development in South Asia 2000: The Gender Question*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2000.
4. Leela Fernandes eds., *Routledge Handbook of Gender in South Asia*, London and New York: Routledge, 2014.
5. V. Kanesalagam, *Women and Development in South Asia*, London: Macmillan, 1989.
6. Mahbub-ul Haq, *Human Development in South Asia 2006: Poverty in South Asia: Challenges and Responses*, USA: Oxford University Press, 2008.



## Course-DSE EIII (50 Marks)

### Issues, Challenges and Resistance

#### Unit 1: Issues and Challenges

1. Politics of Migration
2. Terrorism
3. Environment
4. Human Security Issues: Arms Trade, Child and Sex Trafficking

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Stig Stoft Madsen eds. *State, Society and Environment in South Asia*, London and New York: Routledge, 1999.
2. David Arnold eds. *Nature, Culture and Imperialism: Essays on the environmental histories of South Asia*, New Delhi: OUP, 1995.
3. Christopher Hill and Mark R. Toll eds., *South Asia: An Environmental History*, California, Colorado and Oxford: ABC-CLIO, 2008.
4. Kan Kohlweg, *Combating Trafficking in Children for Labour Exploitation in South Asia: Report on South Asian Consultation*, Nepal: 1998.
5. Vinod K. Bhardwaj and Sherap Bhutia eds., *Human Trafficking in South Asia*, New Delhi: GB Books, 2014.
6. Filippo Osella and Katy Gardner eds., *Migration, Modernity and Social Transformation in South Asia*, New Delhi Thousand Oaks and London: Sage Publications, 2004.
7. Partha S. Ghosh, *Migrants, Refugees and the Stateless in South Asia*, London, New Delhi and Washington: Sage Publications, 2016.
8. Imtiaz Ahmed eds., *Understanding Terrorism in South Asia: beyond statist discourses*, New Delhi: Manohar Publishers, 2006.
9. Nivedita Majumdar, *The Other side of Terror: an anthology of writings on terrorism in South Asia*, New Delhi: OUP, 2009.

#### Unit 2: Resistance and Protest Movements

1. Ethno Nationalist
2. Ultra Leftist
3. Civil Rights
4. Ecological/Anti-Nuclear

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Robin Jeffrey, Ronojoy Sen and Pratima Singh eds., *More than Maoism: Politics and Insurgencies in South Asia*, Singapore: Institute of South Asian Studies, 2012.
2. Oliver Spring-gate Baginski and Piers Blaikie eds., *Forests, People and Power: The Political ecology of Reform in South Asia*, London: Sterling VA, 2007.

3. Christopher Jaffrelot and Laurent Gayer eds., *Armed Militias of South Asia: Fundamentalists, Maoists and Separatists*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2010.
4. Matthew J. Webb, *Separatist Violence in South Asia: A Comparative Study*, London and New York: Routledge, 2014.
5. Lakhmanan Sabaratnam, *Ethnic Attachments in Sri Lanka: Social Change and Cultural Continuity*, New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2001.
6. Asoka Bandarage, *The Separatist Conflict in Sri Lanka: Terrorism, Ethnicity, Political Economy*, London and New York: Routledge, 2009.

## **DSE Cluster F**

### ***Gender and Politics***

#### **Course-DSE FI (50 Marks)**

#### **Feminism: concepts and issues**

#### **Unit I: Key Concepts**

1. Sex, gender and sexuality
2. Feminist Critique of Social Contract
3. Feminist Critiques of Patriarchy

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Bhasin, Kamla, *What is Patriarchy?* New Delhi: Kali For Women, 1993.
2. Sylvia, Walby, "Theorizing Patriarchy", *Sociology*, May, Vol. 23, No. 2: pp 213-234.
3. Davis Kathy, Evans Mary, Lorbe Judith (ed.), *Handbook of Gender and Women's Studies*, London: Sage, 2006.
4. Waylen G., K. Celis, J. Kantola and S L Weldon (eds). *The Oxford Handbook of Gender and Politics*. Oxford: OUP, 2013.
5. Evans Mary, Hemmings Clare, Henry Marsha( et.al, ed.). *The Sage Handbook of Feminist Theory*. London: Sage, 2014.
6. Young, Iris. *Justice and the politics of difference*. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 1990.

#### **Unit II: Major issues**

1. Power
2. Public-private dichotomy.
3. Inter-sectionality
4. Representation

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Jane, Freedman, *Feminism*. Buckingham.: Open University Press, 2001.

2. Mary Caputi, *Feminism and Power- The Need for Critical Theory*. U.K.: Lexington Books, 2013.
3. Catherine McKinnon, *Towards a Feminist Theory of the State*. MA: Harvard University Press, 1989.
4. Bell Hooks, *Ain't I a Woman?* South End Press, USA: 1981.
5. Amy Hinterberger, "Feminism and the Politics of Representation: Towards a Critical and Ethical Encounter with "Other"" *Journal of International Women's Studies*, Vol. 8, Issue 2, 2007 (Feb): pp 73-83.
6. Helen Davis, "The politics of representation" in *Understanding Stuart Hall*. London: Sage, 2004.
7. Sara Ahmed, *Differences that Matter*. United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press, 1998.

### **Course-DSE FII (50 Marks)**

#### **Feminist Perspectives**

##### **Unit I: Varieties of Feminism I**

1. Liberal Feminism
2. Marxist Feminism
3. Socialist Feminism
4. Radical Feminism

##### References (Indicative):

1. Imelda Whelehan, *Modern Feminist Thought: From Second Wave to "Post-Feminism"*. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press, 1995.
2. Simone de Beauvoir, *The Second Sex*. Vintage Books, 1989.
3. Frederick Engels, *The Origin of the Family, Private Property, and the State*. Chicago: Charles H. Kerr & Co, 1902 (1884).
4. Alexandra Kollontai, *Women workers struggle for their rights*. London: Falling Wall Press, 1919.
5. Sheila Rowbotham, *Woman's Consciousness, Man's World*. NY: Verso, 2015
6. Zilla R. Eisenstein (ed.). *Capitalist Patriarchy and the Case for Socialist Feminism*. Monthly Review Press, 1979.

##### **Unit II: Varieties of feminisms II**

1. Postmodern Feminism
2. Postcolonial Feminism
3. Feminism and Queer Movements
4. Post Feminism – Overview

##### References (Indicative Only):

1. Padmini Mongai, (ed.). *Contemporary Postcolonial Theory: a Reader*. London: Arnold, 1996.

2. C. Mohanty, A. Russo and L. Torres (eds). *Third World Women and the Politics of Feminism*. Indiana: Indiana University Press, 1991.
3. Audre Lorde, 'The Master's Tools Will Never Dismantle the Masters House' *Sister Outsider: Essays and Speeches*. California: Crossing Press, 1984.
4. Sarah Gamble, (ed.). *The Routledge Companion to Feminism and Postfeminism*. NY: Routledge, 2004.
5. Judith Butler, *Gender Trouble: Feminism and the Subversion of Identity*. U.K.: Routledge, 1990.
6. Arpita Mukhopadhyay and S. Chakrabarti (eds.), *Feminisms*, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2015.
7. Tina Chanter, *Gender: Keys Concepts in Philosophy*. London: Continuum International Publishing Group, 2006.

### **Course-DSE FII (50 Marks)**

#### **Gender Politics in India**

##### **Unit 1: Genealogies and Frames**

1. Women and Social Reform Movements in 19<sup>th</sup> century India
2. Framing Gender: Caste, Class, Religion and Ethnicity
3. Women and Political Representation
4. Women and legal reforms: Personal law, Property rights

##### References (indicative Only):

1. Leela Fernandes, (ed.). *Routledge Handbook of Gender in South Asia*, 2014 ,
2. Maria Mies, *Indian Women and Patriarchy*. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company, 1980.
3. Uma Charkavarti, *Gendering Caste Through A Feminist Lens*. Calcutta: Stree, 2003.
4. Neera Desai and Maithreyi Krishnaraj *Women and Society in India*. New Delhi: Ajantha publications, 1987.
5. Mala Khullar, (ed). *Writing the Women`s Movement: A Reader*. New Delhi: Zubaan, Kalifor Women, 2005.
6. S.J. Irudayam, Mangubhai and Lee, *Dalit Women Speak Out: Class, Caste and Gender Violence in India*. New Delhi: Zubaan, 2011.
7. S. Anandhi, and Karin Kapadia, (ed.). *Dalit Women: Vanguard of an Alternative Politics in India*. NY: Routledge, 2017.
8. Nivedita Menon, (ed.). *Gender and Politics in India*. OUP, 1999.
9. Nivedita Menon, *Seeing like a Feminist*, New Delhi: Zubaan, Penguin Books, 2012.

##### **Unit 2: Development and Violence**

1. Gender and Development

2. Ecology and feminism
3. Gender and Violence
4. Gender and Sexuality – contemporary debates

References (Indicative Only):

1. Geetanjali Gangoli, *Indian Feminisms: Law, Patriarchies and Violence in India*. NY: Routledge, 2016.
2. Vandana Shiva, and Maria Mies, *Ecofeminism*. USA: Fernwood Publications, 1993.
3. Bina Fernandez, Meena Gopal and Orlanda Ruthven (ed.), *Land, Labour and Livelihoods: Indian Women's Perspectives*. Switzerland: Palgrave Macmillan, 2016.
4. William Fisher, *Toward Sustainable Development? : Struggling Over India's Narmada River*. M. E. Sharpe, 1995
5. Naisargi N. Dave, *Queer Activism in India: A Story in the Anthropology of Ethics*. London: Duke University Press, 2012.
6. Samita Sen, *Towards a Feminist Politics: The Indian Women's Movement in Historical Perspective*, in K. Kapadia, *The Violence of Development*, Zed Books, 2003.
7. K. Kapadia, *The Violence of Development*, Zubaan Books, 2002.

**Course GEI (50 Marks)**  
**Urban Governance in India**

**Unit I: Institutional Development and Change**

1. Understanding the 'urban', 'urbanization' and 'governance'
2. Key trends in urban governance: Empowerment, e-governance and SMART City
3. Urban service delivery and reforms: Utility Infrastructure and PPP and access to services.

References (Indicative Only):

1. John Stewart and Gerry Stoker (ed.), *Local Government in the 1990s, Government Beyond the Centre (GBC) Series*, London: Macmillan Press Ltd., Houndsmill, 2005.
2. P.S.N. Rao, *Urban Governance and Management*, New Delhi: IIPA and Kanishka Publication, 2006
3. K.C. Sivaramakrishnan, *Power to the People? The Politics and Progress of Decentralisation*, New Delhi: Konark Publishers, 2000.
4. K.C. Sivaramakrishnan, *Re-visioning Indian Cities: The Urban Renewal Mission*, New Delhi: SAGE Publications, 2011.
5. P.K. Chaubey, *Urban Local Bodies in India: Governance with Self-Reliance*, New Delhi: IIPA, 2004
6. G.K. Mishra & G.C. Mathur, *Public-Private Partnership in Urban Development*, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Om Mathur, (ed). *India: The Challenge of Urban Governance*, New Delhi: National Institute of Public Finance & Policy, 1999.

8. Ahluwalia, Isher Judge, Ravi Kanbur, P.K. Mohanty, *Urbanisation in India: Challenges, Opportunities and the Way Forward*, New Delhi: SAGE Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2014

## **Unit II: Themes and Issues**

1. Capacity Building: People's Participation and Ward Committees/ Ward Convention; Citizens Charter and Right to Information, Role of NGO's and Citizens Group
2. Mechanisms of urban management and policies: decentralized planning and devolution of funds; Rural-Urban conundrum — Migration, fringe area and urban hinterland
3. Emerging problems and challenges: Social Fragmentation, Dynamics of Urban Diversity and Inequality; Sustainability/Climate Change

### References (Indicative Only):

1. K.C. Sivaramakrishnan,(ed.), *People's Participation in Urban Governance*, Institute of Social Sciences, New Delhi, 2006
2. *Inclusive Urban Planning*, Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Allievation, GoI, New Delhi: OUP, 2014.
3. P.S.N. Rao, and Srivastava, G.C. *Municipal Finance in India*, New Delhi: IIPA and Kanishka, 2004
4. E. Hust, and M. Mann , *Urbanization and Governance in India*, New Delhi: Manohar Publications, 2005
5. Pinto, Marina R., *Metropolitan City Governance in India*, New Delhi: Sage Publication India Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
6. Baud, I.S.A. and J. DE. WIT (eds), *New Forms of Urban Governance in India-Shifts, Models, Networks and Contestations*, New Delhi: Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd, 2008.
7. Peter Hall, *Cities of Tomorrow*, Massachusetts: Blackwell Publishers, 1996.
8. Joy Sen, *Sustainable Urban Planning in India*, New Delhi: The Energy And Resources Institute, 2012.

## **Course GEII (50 Marks)**

### **Human Rights in India**

#### **Unit I: The Concept of Human Rights**

1. Definition and scope of the study----contending issues (western and non-western)

2. A brief history of Human Rights: different generations and debates (political)
3. Contending Perspectives: universalism vs. cultural relativism; individualism vs. collectivism; objectivity vs. sentimentality

References (Indicative Only):

1. Philip Alston, Mary Robinson, *Human Rights and Development: Towards Mutual Reinforcement*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2005.
2. Samuel Moyn, *The Last Utopia: Human Rights in History*, MA: Harvard University Press, 2010.
3. R. Micheline Ishay, (ed.), *The Human Rights — A Reader*, London: Routledge, 2007.
4. Siobhán Gender Mullally, *Culture and Human Rights: Reclaiming Universalism*, Oxford: Hart Publishing, 2006.
5. M.J. Perry, *The Idea of Human Rights Four Inquiries*, New York: OUP, 1998.
6. S. Subramanian, *Human Rights: International Challenges*, New Delhi: Manas Publications, 1997.
7. Upendra Baxi, *The Future of Human Rights*, New Delhi: OUP, 2002.

**Unit II: Human Rights in India**

1. Human Rights and Constitutional -- Legal Framework in India
2. Impact on Civil Society and Citizens Group: Gender, Caste and Organized groups; Media, NGO and New Social Movements
3. Administration of Human Rights: Protection of Human Rights Act 1993, Commissions report ---a critical appraisal
4. Emerging Challenges: Minorities and Communal Violence, Trans-border disturbance and Organized Crime

References (Indicative Only):

1. The Text of the Indian Constitution (latest amendment)
2. K.P. Saksena, edited, *Human Rights: Fifty Years of India's Independence*, New Delhi: Gyan Books, 1999.
3. V.R. Krishna Iyer, *The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Rights in India*, New Delhi: Eastern Law House, 1999.
4. Jaytilak Guha Roy, *Human Rights for the Twenty-first Century*, New Delhi: IIPA, 2004.
5. Guha Roy, S. *Human Rights, Democratic Rights and Popular Protest*, Kolkata: Progressive Publishers, 2002.
6. Samkar Sen, *Human Rights in a developing Society*, New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation, 1998.
7. P.C. Dogra, *Threat to Security: How Secured is India from within*, New Delhi: Manas Publication, 2007
8. V.R. Krishna Iyer, *Human Rights in India: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow*, Calcutta, Eastern Law House, 1999.

## **Course GEIII (50 Marks)**

### **Globalisation and Politics**

#### **Unit I: Concepts and Theoretical Debates in Globalisation**

1. Theoretical Debates and Concepts: Modernity, Late-Modernity
2. State and Society in the Global era: International-Transnational, Local-Global distinctions
3. Culture and Globalisation: Hybridization, Post-national Identity.

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Barrie Axford, *Theories of Globalisation*, Cambridge: Polity Press, 2013.
2. Ulrich Beck, Nathan Sznaider and Rainer Winter (eds.), *Global America? The Cultural Consequences of Globalisation*, Liverpool University Press: Cambridge, 2003.
3. Patricia J. Campbell, Aran Mckinnon and Christy R Stevens, *An Introduction to Global Studies*, UK: Wiley Blackwell, 2010.
4. Manuel Castells, *The Rise of the Network Society, The Information Age: Economics, Society and Culture* Volume.1. UK: Oxford, 1996.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ 1997. *The Power of Identity, The Information Age: Economy, Society and Culture* Vol. II.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ 1998. *End of Millennium, The Information Age: Economy, Society and Culture* Vol.III.
7. William Easterly, *The White Man's Burden: Why the West's Efforts to Aid the Rest have done so much ill and so little good*, New York: Penguin Press, 2006.

#### **Unit II: Political Economy and Issues in Globalisation**

1. Politics of Globalisation: "Democracy Promotion", Human Rights, Epistemic Communities.
2. Global Economy: Politics of Trade and Development, Perspective from the developing world.
3. Impact of Globalisation – Poverty, Migration, Environmental Degradation and Disaster.



## References (Indicative Only):

1. Andre Gunder Frank, *ReOrient: Global Economics in the Asian Age*. Berkley: University of California Press, 1998.
2. J. Frieden, *Global Capitalism – Its Rise and Fall in the 20 th Century*. New York: WW Noton, 2006.
3. David Held, Anthony McGrew, David Goldblatt, Jonathan Perration, *Global Transformations – Politics, Economics and Culture*, Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1999.
4. Frack J. Lechner and John Boli (eds). 2003. *The Globalisation Reader*. Boston: Blackwell
5. Peter Newell, *Globalisation and the Environment – Capitalism, Ecology and Power*, Cambridge: Polity Press, 2012.
6. Dani Rodrik, *The Globalisation Paradox: Democracy and the Future of the World Economy*, New York: WW Norton, 2010.
7. Joseph Stiglitz, *Globalisation and its Discontent*, New York: Norton, 2002.
8. Peter Singer, *One World: The Ethics of Globalisation*, New Haven: Yale University Press, 2002.

**Course GEIV (50 Marks)****Social and Political Movements in Modern India****Unit I: Class and Caste Movements**

1. Emerging landscape of social movements
2. Peasant movements (select cases): Land reform; Liberalization and its impact; Land acquisition debates
3. Industrial Working class movements
4. Dalit and Backward caste movement : types, issues and organizations

## References (Indicative Only):

- 1) G. Shah, *Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature*, N. Delhi: Sage Publications, 2004.
- 2) Raka Ray and M. F. Katzenstein (eds.) *Social Movements in India: Poverty, Power and Politics*, Oxford: Rowman and Littlefield, 2005.
- 3) Ronald J. Herring, "Class Politics in India: Euphemization, identity and power" (Ch. 11); Jennifer Bussell, "People's Movement in India" (Ch 15) in *The Routledge Handbook of Indian Politics*, Routledge, 2013.
- 4) Debal K SinghaRoy, *Peasant Movements in Post-Colonial India*, N. Delhi: Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd, 2004.
- 5) Ghanshyam Shah , *Caste and Democratic Politics in India*, Delhi: Permanent Black , 2008.
- ☐ Christophe Jaffrelot, *India's Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Low Castes in North Indian Politics*, Delhi: Permanent Black, 2011.

**Unit II: 'New' Movements**

1. Women's movements: Political representation and reservation debate; Personal laws; Violence against women
2. Environmental movements: Right over natural resources; Development and environment debate
3. Civil rights movement : Emergency and post-Emergency period
4. New People's movements: Right to livelihood

## References (Indicative Only):

1. Anupama Rao, *The Caste Question: Dalits and the Politics in Modern India*, USA: University of California Press, 2009.
2. Raka Ray, *Fields of Protest: Women's Movements in India*, Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 1999.
3. M. Rangarajan (ed.), *Environmental Issues in India: A Reader*, N. Delhi: Pearson Education, 2007.
4. Menon, Nivedita, Aditya Nigam and Sanjay Palshikar (eds.), *Critical Studies in Politics - Exploring Sites, Selves, Power*. Delhi: Orient BlackSwan, 2016.
5. Sanjay Sangvai, "The New People's Movements in India", *EPW*, Vol.42 No.15, December, 2017.

**Course GEV (50 Marks)**

## **Politics of the Himalayan Region**

### **Unit I: Understanding the Himalayas as a Region**

1. Himalayan Studies – Introduction, Evolution of Himalayan Studies
2. Himalayan Region – Geography and Space, Historical Background and Colonial Politics
3. Language, Ethnicity and Nation in the Himalayas – Zones of Contestation

#### References (Indicative Only):

1. Vibha Arora, and N. Jayaram, *Democratisation in the Himalayas – Interests, Conflicts and Negotiations*, UK: Routledge, 2017.
2. Sarah Besky, *The Darjeeling Distinction: Labor and Justice on Fair Trade Tea Plantations in India*. Berkeley: University of California Press, 2017
3. Navnita Chadda Behera, *State, Identity & Violence: Jammu, Kashmir, and Ladakh*, New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
4. Joanna Pfaff Czarnecka, and Gerard Toffin, *The Politics of Belonging in the Himalayas – Local Attachments and Boundary Dynamics*, India: Sage, 2011.
5. Mona Chettri, *Ethnicity and democracy in the Eastern Himalayan Borderland: Constructing Democracy*. Amsterdam: Amsterdam University Press, 2017.

### **Unit II: Politics and Economies**

1. Politics in the Himalayas – Democratisation, Political Movements, Role of Religion, Civil Society and Governance
2. ‘Economies’ of the Himalayan Region – Pastoralism/Nomadism, Agriculture, Trade, Liberalisation in the Himalayas
3. Emerging Issues – Migration, Climate Change, Development

N.B – Select topics will be taught in different semesters

## References (Indicative Only):

1. David Gellner, & Krishna Hachhethu, *Local Democracy in South Asia: Microprocesses of Democratization in Nepal and its Neighbours*, New Delhi: SAGE Publications India, 2008.
2. Michael Hutt (eds.), *Himalaya People's War: Nepal's Maoist Rebellion*, London: Christopher Hurst, 2004.
3. Jack D. Ives, and Bruno Messerli, *The Himalayan Dilemma: Reconciling development and Conservation*, UK: Routledge, 1989.
4. McGranahan, Carole, *Arrested Histories: Tibet, the CIA, and Memories of a Forgotten War*, Durham: Duke University Press, 2010.
5. Parshottam Mehra, *Essays in Frontier History*, India: Oxford University Press, 2007.
6. Karma Phuntsok, *The History of Bhutan*, London: Haus Publishing, 2014.
7. Sara Shneiderman, *Rituals of Ethnicity: Thangmi Identities Between Nepal and India*. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2015.
8. Tanka B. Subba, *Ethnicity, State, and Development: A Case Study of the Gorkhaland Movement in Darjeeling*. Delhi: Har Anand Publications, 1992.

**Course GEVI (50 Marks)****Environmental Governance****Unit I: Theoretical Debates**

1. Governance and Governmentality; Understanding Environmental Governance
2. Globalisation, Environmental Governance and Environmental Security
3. Environment and Sustainable Development: Role of State and Non-State Actors
4. Environmental Regimes

## References (Indicative Only):

1. John Blewitt, *Understanding Sustainable Development*, London: Earthscan, 2008.
2. Frank Biermann, et al. "The fragmentation of global governance architectures: A framework for analysis." *Global Environmental Politics* , Vol.9, No.4 (2009): 14-40.

3. Gerry Stoker, 'Governance as Theory: Five Propositions'. *International Social Science Journal*, Vol.1, No.1, (March 1998):17-28.
4. Jon Barnett, *The Meaning of Environmental Security: Ecological Politics and Policy in New Security Era*, London: Zed Books, 2001.

## **Unit II: Major Issues**

1. Major Environmental Issues: Climate Change, Loss of Bio-diversity, Soil Erosion, Deforestation
2. WTO and Environmental Governance
3. Global Environmental Governance and the Global Commons
4. Ecological Conflicts and Environmental Movements in India: Select Cases

N.B – Select topics will be taught in different semesters

### References (Indicative Only):

1. James N. Rosenau, and Ernst-Otto Czempiel, eds. *Governance Without Government: Order and Change in World Politics*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1992.
2. Richard Falk, 'State of Siege: Will Globalization Win Out?' *International Affairs*, Vol.73, No.1 (January 1997):123-136.
3. Henrick Enroth, 'The Art of Governing After Governmentality', *European Journal of Social Theory*, Vol.17, No.1, (February 2014): 60-76.
4. Mahesh Rangarajan, *Environmental Issues in India*. New Delhi: Pearson/Longman, 2007.